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KNOCKED OUT.

The Senate Refused to Confirm W. H. Peckham's Nomination

FOR JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

Fifteen Democrats Vote Against the Administration,

AND TWENTY-THREE REPUBLICANS

Assist Them in Rebuking the President for Making a Poot Ball of a Place on the Supreme Court Bench, and Using his Appointing Power to Pay off his Personal Score—The Vote in Detail—Some of the Speeches Made for and Against Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—The senate adjourned a few minutes past 4 o'clock this afternoon after spending the better part of two days considering the nomination of W. H. Peckham, of New York, to be associated justice of the supreme court.

The vote had just been taken on a motion to confirm the nomination and the result, that it was rejected by a vote of 32 to 41, was known. The vote in detail was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bate, Blackburn, Brice, Butler, Cadore, Dixon, Faulkner, George, Gray, Hale, Harris, Hunt, Kyle, Lindsay, McPherson, Martin, Mills, Mitchell (Oregon), Mitchell (Wisconsin), Palmer, Pasco, Pettigrew, Platt, Proctor, Hanson, Roach, Equire, Stockbridge, Turpie, Vilas, Voorhees and White (Louisiana). Total 32.

NAYS—Messrs. Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Berry, Call, Cameron, Carey, Chandler, Cockerell, Coke, Culom, Daniel, Davis, Delph, Frue, Gallinger, Gibson, Gorman, Hansbrough, Hawley, Higgins, Hill, Hoar, Irby, Jones (Arkansas), Lodge, McLaughlin, Manderson, Morrill, Murphy, Peller, Perkins, Power, Pugh, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, Vest, Washburn, White (California) and Wilson. Total 41.

Paired for Peckham—Messrs. Camden, Gordon, McMillan, Martin, Morgan. Total 5.

Paired against Peckham—Messrs. Dubois, Jones, of Nevada, Quay, Vance and Wolcott. Total 5.

Absent without pairs—Messrs. Colquitt and Sherman. Senator Colquitt released Senator Wilson, who voted against confirmation, and Senator Sherman released Senator Brice, who voted for confirmation.

Recapitulation: For confirmation—Democrats 23; Republicans 8; Populists 1. Total 32.

Against confirmation—Democrats 15; Republicans 23; Populists 3. Total 41.

Paired for confirmation—Democrats 4; Republicans 1.

Paired against confirmation—Democrats 1; Republicans 4. Total 5.

Absent and unpaired—Democrats 1; Republicans 1. Total 2.

THE SPEECHES.

The proceedings of the executive session prior to the taking of the vote consisted entirely of speech-making. Senators Vilas, Mitchell (Oregon), George and Gray speaking for confirmation and Senators White (California) and Hawley against. All the addresses, except those of Senators Vilas and George, were very brief and consisted mainly of explanations of the votes of the speakers. Senator Vilas spoke for two hours, devoting himself to a defence of the character of Mr. Peckham and of the President's right to appoint in a case like that of justice of the supreme court without consulting the senators from whose state the nominee was chosen. He read extensively from letters concerning Mr. Peckham, which had been laid before the judiciary committee, giving extracts from the letters of commendation as well as praise and analyzed and dissected the letters as he progressed. Summing up, he declared that the better testimony was favorable to Mr. Peckham, and showed him to be a man deserving of the high honor which the President had sought to confer upon him. Mr. Vilas also made an explanation of Mr. Peckham's telegram to Judge Caldwell concerning the re-employment of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, saying that his motive in saying that Judge Caldwell's order would not be obeyed was found in the fact that the Union Trust Company, for which Mr. Peckham was acting, was the opinion that the order would place the trust company in the light of a preferred creditor instead of the bondholders for whom it acted.

Senator George discussed the constitutional points involved in the case and declared his belief that Mr. Peckham was a man entirely fit for the position. He had given the subject careful consideration and had deliberately reached the conclusion that Mr. Peckham should be confirmed.

THE OTHER SIDE.

Senator White, of California, said that the selection of a supreme court judge was a matter which greatly interested the people of California. There was now, he said, pending in the courts a suit involving the ownership of the water front of valuable property in that state, estimated to be worth \$20,000,000. This suit would eventually reach the supreme court and be determined by that tribunal. He had observed that some of the friends of the nominee in the present instance were men who were interested in the result of these suits, and while this might be a mere coincidence, it was sufficient to decide him against the nominee.

Senator Mitchell said that he had become convinced from an investigation of all the facts that Mr. Peckham was well fitted for the supreme bench. He called attention to the fact that eminent lawyers of New York and elsewhere had spoken in the highest terms of him. He stated that a lawyer who had personally known all the supreme judges for twenty years and had been acquainted with Mr. Peckham during that time as well, had assured him that the nominee was entirely capable of filling the office. The

same gentleman was quoted as saying that he was a great deal like the late Justice Miller, firm and judicial.

The speeches of Senators Gray and Hawley were brief, but emphatic, the former for and the latter against confirmation.

Occasionally there is heard speculation as to what will be the President's course in view of the rejection of the second of his nominees for the associate justiceship. No one whose opinion is of value will venture a surmise or suggest a name. The supreme court is now in recess and will be until the 5th of March, so that the necessity for a full bench will not be urgent until that time.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Brandt Fails to Secure a Quorum, Ex-Speaker Reed Makes a Suggestion.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Mr. Brandt today began his coercive tactics to compel a vote on the silver recoinage bill. The bulk of the Republicans and the Democratic opponents of the measure inaugurated a filibuster with the intention of forcing him to produce a quorum of the advocates of the bill to pass it, and the entire day was consumed in roll calls. The highest number of votes Mr. Brandt was able to poll was 163 in favor of his demand for the previous question on the motion to close debate. Of these, 145 were Democrats, nine Populists and nine Republicans. Mr. Page, of Rhode Island, and Mr. Ryan, of New York, refused to join the filibuster, but voted against the motion. The Republicans who voted with Mr. Brandt were as follows: Bowers, California; Broderick, Doolittle, Funston, Marsh, Hermann, Post and Sweet.

At 4 o'clock Mr. Brandt abandoned any further attempt to secure a quorum to-day, and after passing a resolution instructing the sergeant-at-arms to telegraph for absentees, a recess was taken until 8 o'clock, the evening session being devoted to the consideration of private pension bills. Mr. Brandt expresses the opinion that he will have a quorum present to-morrow, but the general impression is that he will not be able to secure the quorum until Monday.

During the proceedings to-day Mr. Reed suggested that public business could proceed without such a resolution if the speaker would count a quorum.

Didn't Want Pensions Considered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—To-night, the first evening session of this Congress for the consideration of pension bills, Mr. Kilgore, (Dem.) of Texas, blocked all the proceedings. He filibustered and forced an adjournment at 8:50.

Washington Notes

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—The Warion has been commissioned postmaster at Eagle.

Ex-Senate Senator John Arbuckle, of Greenbrier, and President Thompson, of the Ohio River Railroad Company, of Parkersburg, are here.

New Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—W. M. Stanley has been appointed postmaster at Wreck, Tyler County, vice J. P. Flesher removed.

WAR ON A RAILROAD.

By Property Owners in Florida, in Which Dynamite Bombs Figure.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Feb. 16.—Specials from Titusville, Fla., indicate an alarming state of affairs in the Indian River country. There has been much trouble about the right of way, and so bitter has become the feeling on the part of the property owners that they have combined and placed dynamite along the proposed route of the railway, these bombs being placed so that they will explode at the strike of a spade. Signs warning all engineers have been posted, notifying the railroad officials of the steps taken to protect what they conceive to be their rights. This action has brought the work on the railroad to a standstill. The authorities have taken steps in the matter, and James Holmes, a banker of Jacksonville, Fla., and J. V. Wootton, tax collector of Brevard county have been arrested. According to last reports the railroad officials were calling for volunteers to go ahead with the track laying.

CORBETT-JACKSON.

A Proposition to Have the Fight on a Government Island.

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 16.—A dispatch received to-night by the *Inter Ocean* from Parson Davies, the manager of Peter Jackson, now at Mount Clemens, Mich., says: At a meeting of the Hunting and Fishing Club, of Mount Clemens, held to-day, a committee was appointed to secure the advice of legal counsel as to the possibility of holding the Corbett-Jackson glove contest on a government island near this city.

"A purse of \$45,000 has been guaranteed, also necessary training expenses for each man, and a money guarantee to protect the participants from afterclaps, and as an evidence that the club will bring off the contest. Within the next two weeks the matter will be definitely settled."

HANGED IN EFFIGY.

Democrats Show Their Contempt For Mr. Cleveland's Secretary of Agriculture.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEB., Feb. 16.—J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, and his youngest son Carl, were hanged in effigy last night in the city park.

The cause for the outrage is supposed to be dissatisfaction among a few Democrats over recent appointments made by the secretary.

Rothschild's Bank Guarded.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A dispatch to the *Standard* from Paris says the Rothschild's bank in this city is guarded by an extra force of police as a result of anarchist placards which were posted upon the door of the bank, announcing that a meeting of the society would be held inside the building, and requesting the brethren who were skilful in the locksmith trade to bring with them skeleton keys and crow bars in case of the safes being locked.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The National Convention Getting Down to Business.

IS MAKING HEADWAY IN THE SOUTH

And the Outlook Bright All Along the Line—Tributes to Dead Philanthropists in the Memorial Address—Elizabeth Cady Stanton's Tribute to George W. Childs, Leland Stanford and Lucy Stone—Fred Douglass Speaks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The ladies attending the Woman's Suffrage convention were tardy in arriving at Meizerott hall to-day and it was late when Miss Anthony called the session to order. A number of additional delegates have arrived since yesterday. The reports of the credential committee and treasurer were on the program for consideration this morning, but Miss Harriet Kaylor Upton, having these matters in charge, said that owing to the delay in receiving the credentials of members and the treasurer's books she was unprepared to submit the reports.

The report of Rachael Foster Avery, secretary of the association, said that the advances along the line of woman suffrage had been very great and unusually encouraging, even for these discouraging times. The splendid and almost unhelped for victory in Colorado had prepared all for more devoted work even in the face of difficulties which may appear insurmountable. Speaking of New York, she asked what cared the woman there at this great crisis of their political history. They were organizing the grandest campaign for equality of rights that the country had yet seen.

"Looking further away we find," said the report, "the past year made memorable in woman suffrage annals by the extension of the franchise to the women of New Zealand, and by their eager and enthusiastic entry into political life at the late election, when one-third of the votes were cast by the women and when the proportion of defective ballots was smaller than ever before. In England the women have, in spite of the government opposition, been endowed with the parish council franchise in company with several classes of men now enfranchised."

Miss Laura Clay, of Kentucky, submitted the report of the southern committee, which said that last year the number of the members of the southern committee had been increased by four, representing the gain of four southern state suffrage associations. Since the successful organization in Texas, the report says, there are about three southern states still non-auxiliary to the general association, West Virginia, North Carolina and Mississippi.

The state reports would show valuable work in every southern state, and a wise expenditure of money in those states which have been assisted from the funds of the committee. The report made an appeal for help to carry on the southern work, which is regarded as the most important presented to the convention, as the south is a far more hopeful field than is realized at a cursory glance.

After discussion on the southern outlook the committee on resolutions was appointed.

In the afternoon memorial services were held in honor of Lucy Stone, Elizabeth Oakes Smith, Hon. Leland Stanford, Elizabeth Peabody and George W. Childs.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton had prepared a paper. Mrs. Stanton is not attending the convention this year, and her paper was read by one of the members of the society. Concerning George W. Childs the paper said:

In the death of George W. Childs another striking figure disappears from our horizon. He was the first journalist to employ women in his printing office and pay them equal wages, and to place a woman at the head of an editorial department of his paper devoted to women."

Concerning Lucy Stone, Mrs. Stanton said in part: "The many and beautiful tributes paid Lucy Stone in all parts of the country must have been highly satisfactory to all who knew and loved her. I think we can say with truth that no other woman in this country has been so widely and respectfully mentioned by the press, the pulpit and the people."

Leland Stanford Mrs. Stanton regarded as a pre-eminent self made man. He had said that he considered the emancipation of woman the vital question of the century. In all circumstances, in riches and poverty alike, he maintained an integrity, purity and generosity of character that commanded the confidence and admiration of all who knew him. The crowning act of his life in honoring women was leaving his vast estate of \$70,000,000. With rare executive ability she is managing the stocks and bonds of the bank, railroads and the university just as her husband did in his life.

A number of other addresses were made and papers read.

Frederick Douglass, of this city, the veteran colored orator, was introduced and delivered a glowing eulogy on the life and character of Mrs. Stone.

The first paper read at the evening session of the convention was entitled "Women Suffrage in the South," by Mrs. Josephine K. Henry, of Kentucky. The audience listened with great interest and attention to an address by Madame Hanna Korany, of Syria, who discussed woman suffrage from an oriental standpoint.

The meeting closed with an address by Mrs. Lowe Dickinson, of New York, the secretary of the King's Daughters.

A Double Tragedy.

BAINBRIDGE, GA., Feb. 16.—From Colquitt county comes news of a double tragedy. Frank R. Bird, an employee of a Mr. Brice, while burning over a tract of land was assaulted by John Cooper, who also claimed the land. Cooper drew a pistol and Bird struck him with a club. As he fell Cooper shot Bird. Cooper is dead and Bird is dying.

MISS POLLARD'S CASE

Against Congressman Breckinridge Gets a Black Eye in the Examination.

LEXINGTON, KY., Feb. 16.—Interest in the Pollard-Breckinridge case increases. J. D. Pollard, brother of Madeline, was here Wednesday and held long conversations with those friendly to his sister. Miss Pollard will not attend the examinations, as she will not be needed. Charles H. Stoll, senior counsel for Colonel Breckinridge, is here. He said: "I left Cincinnati after having examined all the witnesses except one—Sister Agnes, of the Foundling asylum, who is ill at present. The court adjourned sine die and will hear no more testimony unless Sister Agnes recovers sufficiently, when we may take her testimony. This may not be necessary, as Mr. Desha Breckinridge has a written statement from her, in which she denies that Miss Pollard was ever in the asylum. Miss Pollard claims that she had a boy baby in it. The plaintiff has failed to prove a single allegation made in her petition, and that, too, in the places she claimed the testimony would be most damaging."

Four witnesses for the defense were examined to-day.

Casely Hawkins told of a party at which a mock marriage was performed between Alex Julian, brother of Mayor Julian, of Frankfort, and Madge Pollard. He said they all had been drinking and that the couple was then taken up stairs and put to bed, but did not know whether Julian stayed there all night or not.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

In St. Louis—Three Passengers are Fatally Injured.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 16.—In a street car collision at 11:45 o'clock to-day, three women were probably fatally injured, and a fourth passenger, a man, had his leg severely crushed. The collision occurred at Grand avenue and Morgan street, when a west bound suburban electric car carrying thirteen passengers, was struck squarely in the centre by a south bound Lindell electric car, and the track crossing at that point, and hurled from its tracks, a mass of splintered wood. The Lindell car which carried twenty-two passengers was very badly damaged and derailed. The overturned car was badly wrecked, but fortunately all but two escaped with nothing but scratches. These two were Mrs. Mary Noonan, injuries probably fatal; and Miss Jennie O'Rourke, internal injuries, taken out unconscious and probably dying.

IN THE JURY'S HANDS.

The Fate of the Mansfield Rioters—Severe Charge by the Judge.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 16.—The fate of the fifty-eight Mansfield coal region rioters is now with the jury. At the opening of court to-day Judge Ewing delivered his charge and at 11 o'clock the jury retired.

In the charge the judge was very severe on the defendants. He said: "Many persons think a strike excuses the commission of any crime. Mobs and riots are usually composed of a small proportion of knaves and a large proportion of fools. This is the case here. The knaves kept in the background. Not a single American citizen was in this mob so far as the testimony goes, but no prejudice against foreigners should weigh with you. They should, however, be taught to obey our laws." A sealed verdict may be handed in to-night.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

The recent cold snap killed the peach crop in Kentucky.

Prince Colonna will take steps to regain the possession of his children.

No hopes are entertained of ever again floating the wrecked cruiser Kearsarge.

At San Francisco burglars robbed Carroll and Webber's safe bank of \$5,000.

Ex-Congressman A. Kerr Smith, of Pennsylvania, died yesterday, aged 79 years.

The open session of the United States senate yesterday was uninteresting, only routine business being transacted.

The damage done in Berlin by the recent storm is 100,000 marks. Twenty-one lives were lost and 400 people injured throughout Germany.

One hundred miners are on a strike at Lingo, Mo., because of the refusal of the operators to lay off a man who the miners claim had violated an agreement about work.

Thomas Barnes, the pioneer manufacturer of fire proof and burglar proof safes, is in a critical condition at his home, in Pittsburgh, from the effects of a fall down stairs.

John Freeland, who was some time since pardoned by Governor Fleming from a life sentence in the penitentiary has been arrested in Wetzel county for counterfeiting.

Mr. Gladstone was yesterday presented with an address on Welsh education from the Elatedford held during the World's Fair. He promised a charter to a Welsh university.

Railroad officials again refused to testify in the late state law investigation before the federal grand jury at Chicago yesterday. An effort will be made to have them held for contempt.

The prisoners in the Chicago jail are alarmed over the appearance of the spirit of George H. Painter, recently hanged there. Premier, Carter Harrison's assassin, is especially nervous over the visits.

William Leonard was hanged yesterday at Frederick, Md., for the murder of Jesse Anderson on September 5. The murderer claimed to have four wives and seventeen children in different parts of the country.

The tariff bill continues to worry the Democrats of the senate finance committee. It is believed the income tax will remain unchanged. Indications point to a tax of \$1.20 on whisky with an increase of the bonded period. The house increase will not increase the revenues immediately.

During the hearing of the arguments for a new trial in the case of the assassin Prandergas, at Chicago yesterday, the prisoner attempted to assault District Attorney Trade, and was quitted with difficulty. Judge Brennan has received a letter threatening his life, and he was guarded in court by armed officers.

TRAIN ROBBERY.

The Boldest That Ever Occurred in the State of California.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC OVERLAND

Wrecked by Bandits Near Los Angeles at Midnight.

A ROBBER WITH A FLAMING TORCH

And an Open Switch the First Warning the Engineer Had—Then Came Death and Disaster—The Express Car Blown Open with Dynamite and an Extra Fireman Forced to Carry the Treasure Outside—Many Sacks of Gold Secured—The Robbers Make Their Escape, But a Posse is in Pursuit.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Feb. 16.—The boldest train robbery that ever occurred in the state took place a little after midnight at Roscoe, a small station thirteen miles north of this city. The train was the Southern Pacific Overland No. 20, bound north.

Engineer Thomas gave a long blast of the whistle as the train approached the switch this side of Roscoe. His face blanched as he discovered a man standing beside the switch with a flaming torch, and his face assumed a more livid hue when he discovered that the switch had been left open.

The train was going at an unusual rate and the momentum it had acquired precluded the possibility of immediately bringing it to a standstill to avoid disaster. About the same time the engineer noted the man with the torch he heard the sharp cracking of revolvers and many bullets whistled past him, breaking the windows of the cab. Almost instantly the train crashed over into the ditch. At this point there is a fall which runs nearly fifteen feet high. Knowing the character of the place, Engineer Thomas jumped and ran, miraculously escaping injury. Fireman Masters was not so lucky, however, being pinned between the cab and tender and horribly mutilated and crushed. A tramp, who was stealing a ride, was also killed.

At the moment of overturning the train, two men wearing slouch hats and black masks, leaped from the heavy bushes alongside the track. The two men took positions on either side of the train and commenced a furious fusillade from revolvers. After this wild and seemingly purposeless firing, one of the men went to the express car, pounded on the door, demanding that it be opened.

Upon the refusal of the messenger to comply the robbers placed three or four dynamite bombs on the sill. Then ensued a terrible explosion, nearly the whole side of the car being torn into splinters. Harry Edgar, who had expected this procedure, got into the further corner of the car, and even then narrowly escaped death or injury from the flying splinters. Everything in the car was shaken up and the detonation was most terrific.

Consternation prevailed among those on board the train. Frightened men and women jumped from their berths.

Just after blowing up the express car the robbers, at the point of a revolver, compelled the extra fireman who had been riding on the engine to get into the car while one robber followed him. This was done in order to protect the robber in case the messenger fired. Under the command of the robber the extra fireman carried the contents of the locked box, which contained many sacks of gold, outside the car where the other robbers were waiting. All this time the robbers kept up a furious fusillade, firing into the train and into the car.

After gathering into portable shape the supposed valuables, the highwaymen turned their attention to the overland safe. These safes are so constructed that it requires much time and patience to open them, and the robbers realized the futility of attempting it, so they left it intact and vented their disapproval of their inability to take even that by a volley from their revolvers.

After gathering together their booty the robbers placed it in gunny sacks, and mounting horses, galloped off in the direction of the mountains.

Brakeman Foster, when he jumped from the train, espied a house nearby with a light in one of the windows. He ran toward it with all speed, got a horse and at once rode back to Burbank at a furious speed, waking up the telegraph operator and informing the authorities what had taken place. Sheriff Cline and three deputies at once started at 2 o'clock this morning in a furious rain storm to the scene.

Sheriff Cline and the detectives, Insley and Benson, came back this afternoon and reported at railroad headquarters that they left Detective Bowler at Lanker's hill, on the Clearwater park branch, following the wagon track left by the robbers. The officers who returned are going to take another track according to plans agreed upon. The robbers are apparently heading in the direction of Ventura. Detective Auble returned late this evening. He says there were at least three robbers in the gang. Two of them drove in the buckboard and one was on horseback.

A RECEIVER WANTED

For the Fostoria Window Glass and Bottle Company.

TIFFIN, O., Feb. 16.—An application has been filed in the common pleas court here asking for the dissolution of the Fostoria Window Glass and Bottle Company and the firm of Long & Toy, and the appointment of a receiver for both. Seneca B. Long, the applicant, claims that both are hopelessly involved, and that their assets are not sufficient to pay just debts. The assets and liabilities are not stated.

Want on scrofula and every form of impure blood is boldly declared by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great conqueror of all blood diseases.

UNREQUITED LOVE

Causes William Edwards to Attempt to Kill Himself.

At an early hour this morning William Zimmerman, but who gave his name as Edwards, went to the Red Men's cemetery, at the head of Twenty-fourth street, and attempted to take his life, shooting himself in the head just behind the ear with a 38-calibre revolver. He fell unconscious, but afterwards recovered, and walked down street, where Officers Driller and Fitzgerald found him, all over blood. They took him to Dr. Rau's office, but the bullet could not be found and the doctor will probe for it to-day.

He was taken to his home on Forty-eighth street. It is said his motive for the deed was a recent disappointment in love, a young woman to whom he was engaged to be married having jilted him.

YELLOW FEVER SCOURGE

Adds to the Horror of the Situation at Rio De Janeiro.

[Copyrighted 1914 by the Associated Press.] RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 16.—Yellow fever is on the increase here. There were sixty deaths from that disease yesterday, in addition to fifteen deaths from other fevers.

The captain of the Austrian warship in these waters died to-day and there are a number of other cases on board the same ship.

A Portuguese warship here is also infected with yellow fever and the situation is growing serious so far as foreigners are concerned.

Admiral Benham has conferred with the commanders of the American vessels and nothing will be left undone which can lead to preserving the health of the American sailors.

It Is On the Newark.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—There is no longer doubt that yellow fever has made its appearance in the United States fleet at Rio, and that the Newark is now a fever ship. A cablegram received from Admiral Benham at Rio reads: "One man on the Newark ill with yellow fever. I have transferred him to the hospital. I shall send the Newark to De la Plata."

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

An Explosion on a German Warship Kills Thirty-nine Men.

KIEL, Feb. 16.—A terrible disaster occurred here to-day owing to the explosion of a steam pipe on board the German ironclad Brandenburg. The accident occurred during the morning. She was undergoing a forced draft trial at the time of the explosion. So far as can be learned thirty-nine men were killed and nine injured by the bursting of the steam pipe. Four steamers have been dispatched with doctors and medical supplies to the assistance of the Brandenburg.

Four steamers were promptly dispatched from Kiel to the scene of the disaster. They carried a number of physicians and surgeons and a large quantity of medical supplies.

The guard ship Pelican, with Prince Henry of Prussia on board, also put off instantly to the Brandenburg's aid. The dead and wounded were carried from the Brandenburg to the steamers and conveyed to Kiel.

The injured were taken to the hospital. It is believed that they will recover.

Swine Fever in Ireland.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The *Times* says: There is a serious outbreak of swine fever in several districts of Limerick. It is likely to injure seriously the curing trade of the south of Ireland.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, followed by cloudy weather; warmer; strong winds.

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

As furnished by C. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m.	24	7 p. m.	39
9 a. m.	24	9 p. m.	28
11 a. m.	27	Weather—Fair	

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